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obo Hydrogen Import Coalition













Short- and midterm action focussed roadmap



Publication via partners communication channels in October 2023

To secure supply that matches demand in 2030 immedi

ate action in different domains is required. This roadmap

gives an overview of the most important actions, without

being exhaustive and 100% conclusive to meet the tar-

gets. The need for additional actions and adjustments

will come up in the coming years.

There is a clear complementary role for hydrogen and its derivatives in the integrated energy system

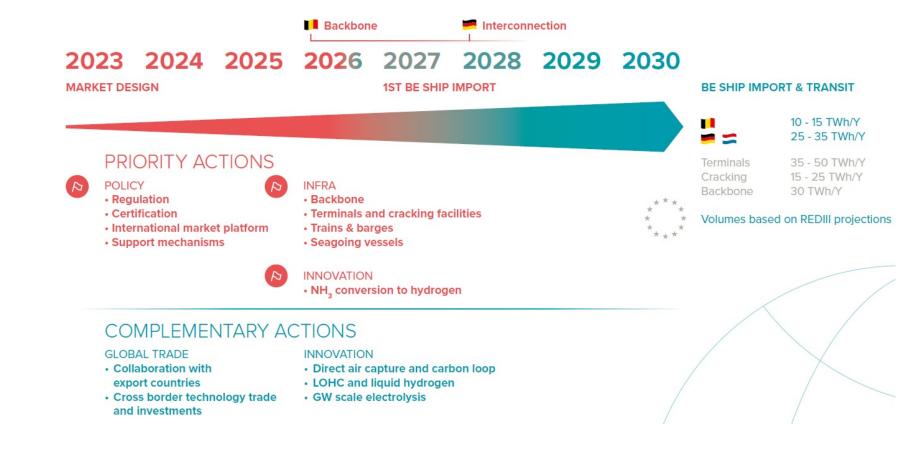
- Widely and concretely applicable
 - Industry
 - Shipping and aviation
 - Heavy duty road transport and machines
- Affordable and secure energy
- Indispensable storage in the energy system
- Hydrogen technology leadership and export opportunities



Source: EU Commission

This roadmap calls for immediate action to position Belgium as a hydrogen hub

"The coalition calls to realism with regard to the 2030 targets. The EU targets are very ambitious, drastic and within reach, but immediate action is required, as pictured and flagged in the roadmap. "



The coalition's main demand assumptions

- Main driver by 2030 are EU targets (RED III provisional agreement)
 - **BE:** 10 to 15 TWh/year
 - Transit: 25 to 35 TWh/year
 - 30 to 50% import via BE-hub
 - German Nationaler Wasserstoffrat
 - Chemelot, EU targets (RED III)



Outstanding pipeline connectivity and tank storage of Belgian seaports

- Antwerp is the largest integrated chemical cluster in Europe
- Zeebrugge is a key gas import hub North-West Europe
- North Sea port

Clear conclusion: significant need for import

- Limited local production
 - ~300MW IPCEI + ~100MW local production in the pipeline <2030</p>
 - competition with direct electrification / scarce renewables
 - effect additionally requirement RED

Domestic renewable H2 production compared to targets in 2030 in TWh/year Source: Belgian hydrogen vision and strategy, Hydrogen Import Coalition

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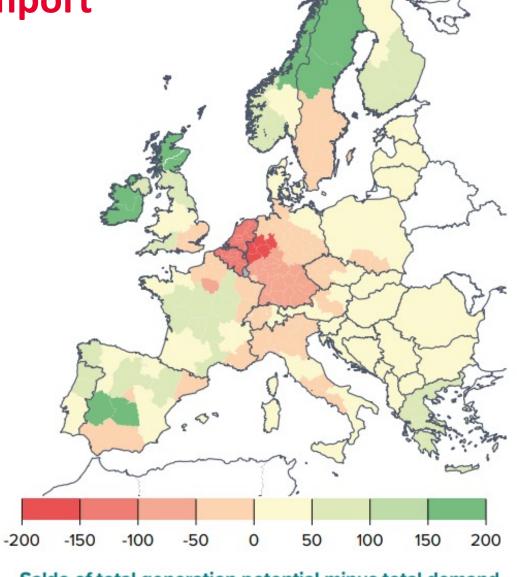
10-15

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Domestic production Federal target Belgian offtake RED III target Deduced RepowerEU target

- High energy demand negative energy balance
- High hydrogen ambitions

in Belgium



Saldo of total generation potential minus total demand inclusive H₂ in TWh (source: Wuppertal institute)

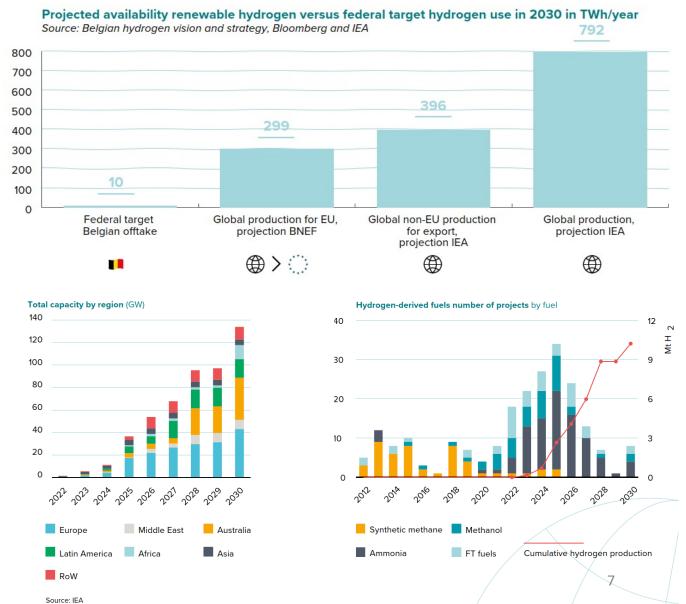
Increasing global supply potential

 Growing projections of global renewable hydrogen production based on IEA



Gigascale production Renewable H2 Projects > 1 GW, low carbon H2 projects > 200 Kt / y

 Key driver is policy of frontrunning regions, EU up front



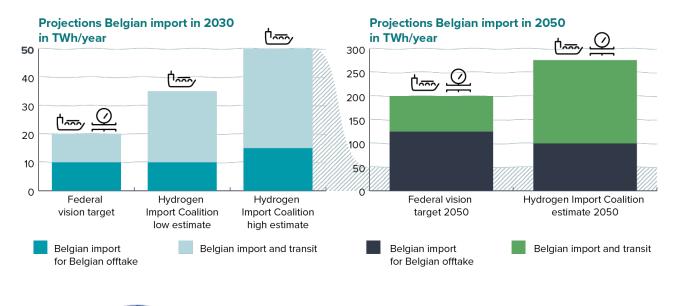
Coalition's import projections on renewable hydrogen

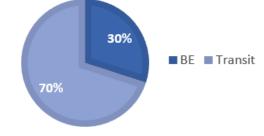
- **2**030
 - 35-50 TWh of import

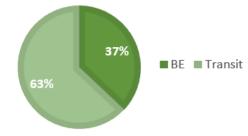
BE-offtake: 10 to 15 TWh/year

Transit: 25 to 35 TWh/year

- 2 to 3 times projections of Federal H₂ vision
- Risk of limited supply via Northern Route pipeline
- **2050**
 - **BE-offtake:** 100 TWh/year
 - Transit to = = 175 TWh/year
 - +37% vs projections of Federal H₂ vision







Matching supply & demand - Some implications

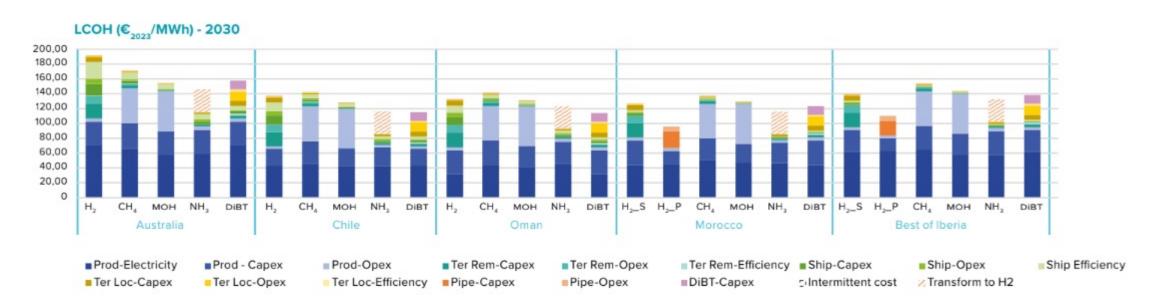
Connecting supply and demand requires infrastructure integrated in the overall energy system



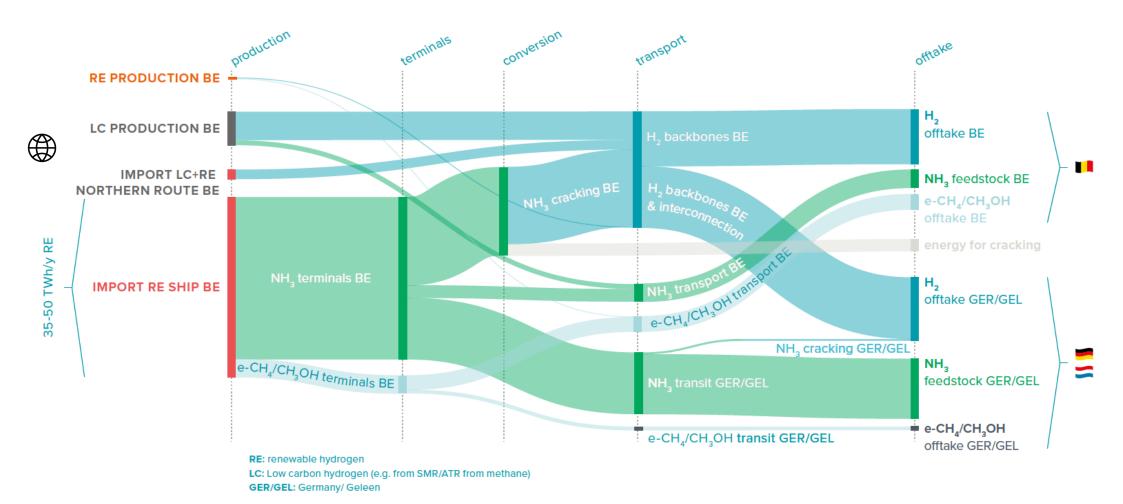
- Supply mix is not carved in stone robust and flexible approach required
 - Ship import mainly NH3: drop in feedstock, storage & distribution is existing, relative cost competitive, cracking feasibility, no CO2
 - although MOH & CH4 are runners up: easy of handling, e-fuel for ships, ...
- Pipeline transport is H2
- End user offtake is initially mainly H2 and NH3
- => Conversion required

Imported hydrogen will be available at feasible cost

- Analysis of January 2021 updated to 2023
- Avg. impact of +33% on the LCOH in real terms while electricity and gas price outlooks have soared in Europe.

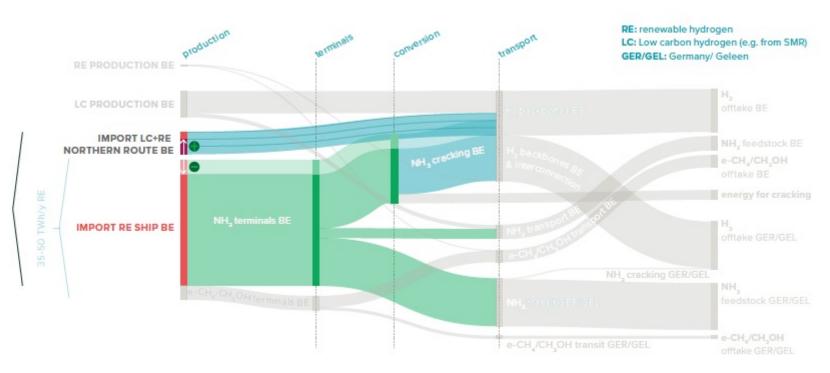


Hydrogen supply and demand will be connected in different ways integrated in the overall energy system



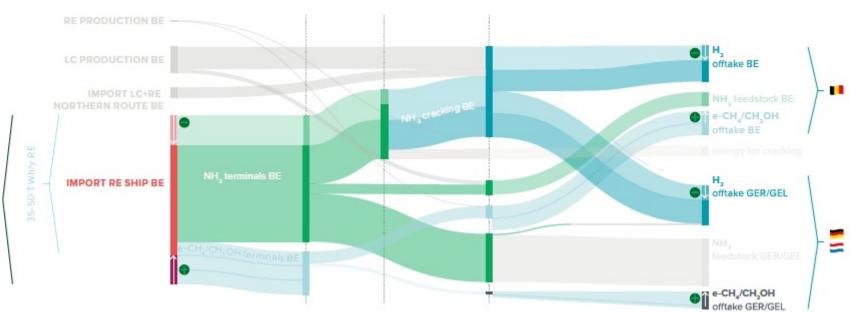
What if...

...by 2030 or soon after (eg 2035): The Northern Route supplies more renewable hydrogen?



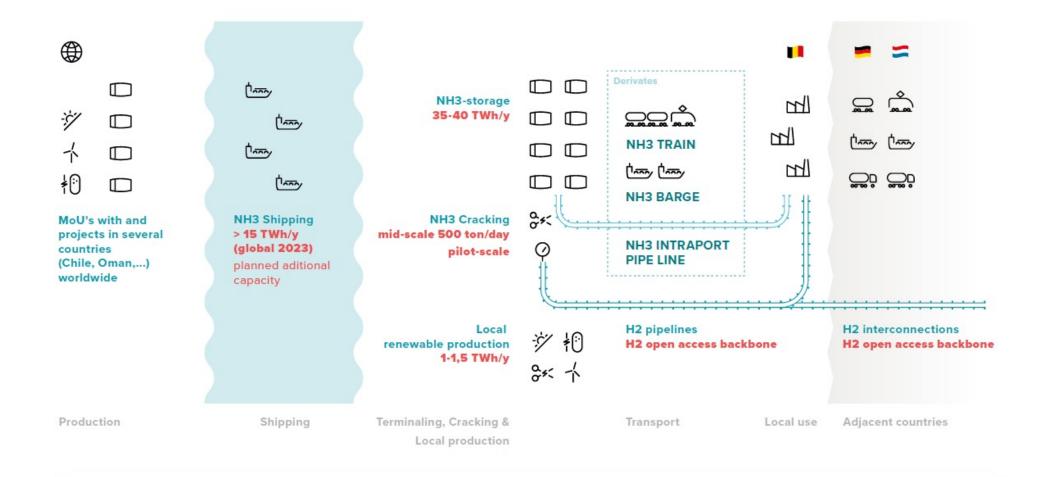
What if...

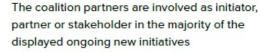
...there is a faster ramp-up in e-CH₄/CH₃OH demand, e.g. as alternative fuel in NW Europe?



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Key initiatives are ongoing today

















Actions

- Call for immediate action
 - Prerequisites for offtake agreements
 - Regulation
 - Certification
 - Support mechanisms
 - International market platform (facilitating)
 - Terminals & cracking facilities
 - Backbone
 - Seagoing vessels, trains & barges
 - Complementary actions
 - Global trade
 - Innovation



Conclusions

- Import by ship is the key for energy intensive NW Europe to meet EU hydrogen and ETS targets
- Belgium has the fundamentals to be a large-scale import and transit hub for NW Europe offtake (30 to 50% import share)
- Immediate policy action is required to translate ambitious targets in offtake agreements

Actions and milestones

GLOBAL TRADE

Collaboration with

export countries

and investments

Cross border technology trade

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INNOVATION

GW scale electrolysis

Direct air capture and carbon loopLOHC and liquid hydrogen